

- Weight gain.
- High blood sugar. Usually reverses when stopped.

### **What should I monitor?**

- Change in condition being treated. Is it better, worse, or about the same?
- Check blood work (potassium, magnesium). Talk with healthcare provider.
- Check blood sugar as directed by healthcare provider.
- Follow up with healthcare provider.

### **Reasons to call healthcare provider immediately**

- If you suspect an overdose, call your local poison control center or emergency department immediately.
- Signs of a life-threatening reaction. These include wheezing; chest tightness; fever; itching; bad cough; blue skin color; fits; or swelling of face, lips, tongue, or throat.
- Severe dizziness or passing out.
- Fast heartbeat.
- Significant change in balance.
- Significant change in thinking clearly and logically.
- Shakiness, difficulty moving around, or stiffness.
- Severe muscle pain or weakness.
- Increased trips to the bathroom, increased thirst, or weight loss.
- Feeling extremely tired or weak.
- Any rash.
- No improvement in condition or feeling worse.

### **How should I store this medicine?**

- Store capsules at room temperature.
- Protect from light.
- Protect capsules from moisture. Do not store in a bathroom or kitchen.
- **Injection:**
- This medicine will be given to you in a healthcare setting. You will not store it at home.

### **General statements**

- If you have a life-threatening allergy, wear allergy identification at all times.
- Do not share your medicine with others and do not take anyone else's medicine.
- Keep all medicine out of the reach of children and pets.
- Keep a list of all your medicines (prescription, natural products, supplements, vitamins, over-the-counter) with you. Give this list to healthcare provider (doctor, nurse, nurse practitioner,